### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

496 (Ö <b>Auc</b>	<sub>2/06)</sub> ` litin	g P	ent of Treasu Procedu	res Re	<b>port</b> Id P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended.								
	ocal Unit of Government Type					Local Unit Nam	ee	County						
	Count	у	<b>⊠</b> City	□Twp	□Village	Other	City of Litc			Hillsdale				
	al Year		_		Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submit	tted to State					
6/3	0/06				10/5/06			11/15/06						
We a														
Wef	urthe	r affii	m the follo	owing mate	s licensed to po erial, "no" resp ments and rec	onses have	e been disclo	sed in the financial state	ments, inclu	uding the notes, or in the				
	YES	Š	Check ea	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)										
1.	X		reporting	entity note	es to the financ	cial stateme	ents as neces	sary.		ements and/or disclosed in the				
2.		×	There are (P.A. 27	e no accur 5 of 1980)	nulated deficits or the local ur	s in one or it has not e	more of this u exceeded its l	init's unreserved fund ba oudget f <b>o</b> r expenditures.	alances/unre	estricted net assets				
3.	X		The local	unit is in	compliance wit	h the Unifo	orm Chart of A	accounts issued by the D	Department (	of Treasury.				
4.	×		The local	unit has a	adopted a budo	get f <b>o</b> r all re	equired funds	-						
5.	X							ith State statute.						
6.		×	other guid	dance as i	ssued by the L	.ocal Audit	and Finance	Division.		icy Municipal Loan Act, or				
7.	×							evenues that were colle		ther taxing unit.				
8.	×							y with statutory requirem						
9.	X		Audits of	Local Uni	ts of Governm	ent in Mich	<i>iigan,</i> as revis	that came to our attenti ed (see Appendix H of E	Bulletin).					
10.	×		that have	not been	previously cor	nmunicate	d to the Local	ement, which came to ou Audit and Finance Divis under separate cover.	r attention on the sion (LAFD).	during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that has				
11.	×		The local	l unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previous	s years.						
12.	×				s UNQUALIFIE									
13.	×		accepted	accountir	ng principles (0	SAAP).		s modified by MCGAA S		and other generally				
14.	×							nt as required by charte						
15.	×			-				d were performed timely						
incl des	uded cripti	in tl on(s)	nis or any of the au	other au thority and	thorities and co dit report, nor d/or commission s statement is	do they o n.	obtain a stand	l-alone audit, please er	undaries of nclose the r	the audited entity and is not name(s), address(es), and a				
			closed the			Enclosed		ed (enter a brief justification	n)					
Fin	ancia	 al Sta	tements			X								
The	e lette	er of	Comments	s and Rec	ommendations									
Oth	Other (Describe)								_					
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)  Telephone Number														
			March, C	ondon &	Co., P.C.			517.439.9331 City	State	Zip				
	et Add 34 W		rleton Ro	ad				Hillsdale	MI	49242				
					Briker	, P	rinted Name Stephen W.	Bisher	License 1101	Number 026492				

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OMC SICO.

Osbourne, March, Condon & Co., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 184 West Carleton Road Hillsdale, Michigan 49242 Telephone: 517/439-9331

FAX: 517/439-1894

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Litchfield, Michigan Litchfield, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Litchfield, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Litchfield Fire Department, a joint venture between the City of Litchfield, Michigan and Litchfield Township, Michigan, which the financial statements reflect the City's total share of assets and revenues constituting one percent of the related consolidated totals. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Litchfield Fire Department, a joint venture between the City of Litchfield, Michigan and Litchfield Township, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Litchfield, Michigan, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2006 on our consideration of City of Litchfield, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparisons information on pages iii through viii and 30 through 33 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the method of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

Osbourne, March, Condon & Co P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Hillsdale, Michigan October 5, 2006

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance for the City of Litchfield (the "City") provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

The following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2006:

- Property taxes are the City's single, largest source of revenue. The City's tax base, net of captured taxable value, for fiscal year 2006 was \$26,124,773 which represents an increase of \$1,330,573 or 5.4 percent over fiscal year 2005.
- State shared revenue, the second largest revenue source was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$1,200 this year. This represents a less than 1 percent decrease from the prior year.
- Act 51 monies, received from gasoline tax through the State of Michigan, the third largest revenue source, decreased by approximately \$1,380 this year. This represents a 1.3 percent decrease from the prior year.
- The City's largest expense for fiscal year 2006 was general governmental activities at \$313,400.

#### Using the Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

#### The City as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current year in comparison to the prior year:

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	ne Activities
-	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current assets Capital assets Other noncurrent assets	\$ 667,755 1,296,885 33,090	\$ 640,388 1,319,841 33,778	\$ 1,508,502 2,221,423	\$ 1,372,415 2,371,984
Total		5 1 004 007	e 2 720 025	\$ 3,744,399
Assets	\$ 1,997,730	\$ 1,994,007	\$ 3,729,925	<u> </u>
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Tota! Liabilities	\$ 68,295 43,210 \$ 111,505	\$ 66,725 37,160 \$ 103,885	\$ 129,969 795,000 \$ 924,969	\$ 123,789 915,000 \$ 1,038,789
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital - net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,296,885 7,517 581,823	\$ 1,303,230 35,209 551,683	\$ 1,306,423 73,428 1,425,105	\$ 1,336,834 209,028 1,159,748
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,886,225	\$ 1,890,122	<u>\$ 2,804,956</u>	\$ 2,705,610
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	\$ 1,997,730	<b>\$</b> 1,994,007	\$ 3,729,925	\$ 3,744,399

The City's combined net assets increased by approximately 2 percent from a year ago – increasing from \$4.6 million to \$4.7 million.

Total assets of governmental activities increased less than 1 percent or \$3,700. This is a net result of total current assets increasing \$27,400, total capital assets decreasing \$23,000 and total other noncurrent assets decreasing \$700. The increase in current assets in the amount of \$27,400 is primarily due to the City allocating these current resources to fund future street projects. The decrease in total capital assets is due to depreciation. The decrease in total other noncurrent assets is primarily due to Litchfield Fire Department's expenditures exceeding revenues for FYE 2006, thereby reducing cash assets held in the joint venture with Litchfield Township for fire services.

Total assets for business type activities decreased less than 1 percent by \$14,400. This is a net result of total current assets increasing \$136,000 and total noncurrent assets decreasing \$150,500. The current asset increase is due to a contribution from Litchfield TIFA for maintenance and replacement of future infrastructure. The total noncurrent assets decrease of \$150,500 is due to assets fully depreciating.

The following is the government-wide results of operations for the current fiscal year in comparison to prior year:

	Governmental Activities 2006	Business-type <u>Activities</u> 2006	Governmental Activities 2005	Business-type Activities 2005
Revenue				
Program Revenue:	\$ 55,765	\$ 318,381	\$ 74,430	\$ 326,235
Charges for services	178,262	161,582	206,715	150,602
Operating grants and contributions	9,092	101,502	6,945	
Capital grants and contributions	9,092		5,2 12	
General Revenue:	266 700		368,155	
Property taxes	366,798		138,535	
State-shared revenues	137,289	59,935	13,137	19,655
Interest	27,807	29,933	15,157	• >,
Other	5 205		5,385	
Lease revenue	5,385		48,800	
Transfers in	55,300	(40.200)	46,600	(46,800)
Transfers out		(49,300)		(40,000)
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 835,698</u>	<u>\$ 490,598</u>	\$ 862,102	<u>\$ 449.692</u>
Decemen Evnances				
Program Expenses General government	\$ 313,468	\$	\$ 281,335	\$
<del>-</del>	281,608		233,165	
Public safety	66,210		51,241	•
Highways and street Public works	66,424		92,355	
	84,243		58,557	
Parks and recreation	41,854		33,169	
Depreciation (unallocated)	41,054	147,727	,	149,398
Water		197,595		177,027
Sewer		45,930		<u>45,395</u>
Refuse	<del>-</del>		<del></del>	<del></del>
	<u>\$ 853,807</u>	<u>\$ 391,252</u>	\$ 749,822	<u>\$ 371,820</u>
	<u>\$ (18,109)</u>	<u>\$ 99,346</u>	<u>\$_112,280</u>	<u>\$ 77,872</u>

Total governmental activities expenses increased 13.8 percent or \$104,000 as a result of the following reasons: public safety expenses increased \$48,000 due to increases in police expenditures of \$31,000 primarily due to payroll and benefit increases and fire services of \$17,000 in part due to hazardous material revenues being shared from a previous year, general government expenses increased \$32,000 primarily due to State Tax Commission decisions reducing taxable value of previous year's property tax liability, and parks and recreation expenses increased \$25,000 primarily due to renovations at the City pool to make it handicap accessible.

Total business type activities expenses increased 5.2 percent due primarily to a \$20,000 increase in sewer funds expenses. There were increases in sewer expenses for lines maintenance to televise sewer mains for possible problem areas, other expenses to clean up sewer backup damage, equipment for sewer by-pass pumping and D.O. meter, payroll for increased maintenance frequency on sewer lift stations, and rent to store sewer inventory.

Expenses for component units increased \$438,000 as a result of the Tax Increment Financing Authority's development in the industrial park and housing project for anticipated community growth. The cost to develop the residential housing is anticipated to be off set in part by the sale of lots, therefore the cost was capitalized. Industrial park development expenses are not anticipated to be off set by any sales, consequently the development cost was considered expense.

A decrease in operating grants and contributions in the amount of \$28,400 is due to the public charitable contributions made to the municipal pool refinishing project in the previous year.

Total general revenues increased 3.2 percent by \$18,500 primarily due 10 the market offering a better rate of interest on the City of Litchfield's investments.

#### Governmental Activities

In fiseal year 2006, there were revenue decreases experienced 1) in charges for services due to the eemetery contract ending with Litchfield Township, 2) in operating grants and contributions due to public charitable contributions for the pool refinishing project received in the previous year, 3) in property taxes due to penalties for delinquent property taxes being paid to TIFA instead of City since no delinquent taxes are owed to City, and 4) in state revenues due to a cut in state shared revenues. These losses of revenue were offset by a decrease in cemetery expenses with maintenance on cemeteries outside of the City now handled by Litchfield Township and an increase in the City's tax base and charges for internal services. The increase in property tax base is a result of inflationary increases in existing parcels. There has been no increase in the operating millage rate. The City millage rate continues at 13 mills.

Net assets was reduced in general governmental activities for contributions received in 2005 for pool renovations expenses incurred in 2006 and for State Tax Commission and Tribunal reductions on prior year taxable values.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City's business-type activities consist of the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Funds. The City operates both Water and Sewer facilities. The Solid Waste Fund includes refuse/recycling collection and brush and leaf pickup. Refuse collection and recycling services are provided by an outside commercial entity. Brush and leaf pickup service is provided by the City of Litchfield's Public Works department.

Charges for services in the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Collection operations decreased by 2.4 percent, primarily due to the decline in water consumption by the community. This is attributable to the slow housing market creating many vacant houses. Operating grants and contributions increased by 7.3 percent due to grant revenues received for wellhead capping program completion. Expense increased by 5.2 percent primarily due to the cleanup of sewage backups and televising of the sewer lines to check for possible problem areas.

#### The City's Funds

The City's fund financial statements follow the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities. The City's major governmental funds for 2006 include the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund and Recreation Fund. The City's major proprietary funds include the Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

#### General Fund Highlights

The General Fund accounts for all police, fire, public works, planning and zoning, and administrative functions of the City government. The budget is essentially a "maintenance" budget, which means it increases modestly from year to year. The budget is monitored closely and amended periodically. The result is that actual revenues and expenses are usually within 5 percent of budgeted amounts.

The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant are general governmental activities, which incurred expenses of approximately \$313,000 in 2006. Expenses for general government are recorded in the "general" department within the General Fund.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the City had approximately \$3,550,000 (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, public works equipment, and water and sewer facilities. There is no related infrastructure reported in the year end net capital investment. The City elected to follow the method of prospective reporting of infrastructure assets provided in the GASB 34 reporting pronouncement.

The City continues to pay down debt obligations related to capital investments. Outstanding revenue bonds, for the construction of sewer facilities, reported in the Sewer Fund in the amount of \$795,000 represents 79.3 percent of the City's total liabilities at June 30, 2006. Historically, the City's Tax Increment Financing Authority has contributed \$150,000 annually towards the repayment of the debt.

The City also funds equipment replacements by setting aside cash in the General Fund and maintains an Equipment Fund. The Equipment Fund charges City departments for the use of equipment. Monies collected accumulate towards the replacement of equipment. The City properly maintains existing equipment and carefully plans for equipment replacements to avoid burdening taxpayers with additional debt millage to replace existing equipment.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The general operating millage will not be increased for next year, despite no projected increase in State-shared revenue. Certain expenditures are assumed to continue beyond the rate of inflation, such as health care insurance and liability insurance. Salary and benefits for the City Manager is expected to increase 51% however, contributions from the Tax Increment Finance Authority for economic development services are anticipated to offset this increase.

A new cemetery agreement with Litchfield Township allowing City residents to be buried at Mt. Hope cemetery for a fee to the City citizen equal to what a Township citizen would pay is currently being negotiated. If accepted by both parties, the agreement will require the City of Litchfield to pay Litchfield Township a fee of \$800 per City resident who is buried at Mt. Hope retroactive to July 1, 2005. The result would increase the City's expenses significantly in the next fiscal year. Approximately 10 City residents are buried in Mt. Hope cemetery per year.

Maintenance on the City building consisting of replacing exterior entry doors and installing awnings will increase expenses in building maintenance approximately \$10,000.

Brush and leaf pickup expense will be moved to the solid waste collection fund thereby decreasing expenses in general fund and increasing expense in the solid waste collection fund approximately \$20,000.

# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates (concluded)

Street maintenance will increase approximately \$50,000 primarily to overlay Williams street and curb the corners.

Maintenance of the sewer system to continue the cleaning and televising of sewer mains/man holes and overhaul of one lift station pump will increase sewer expenses approximately \$13,000.

In August 2006, City Council accepted a bid of \$131,650 for a fixed network radio frequency meter reading system (Gallaxy) and all new residential, commercial and industrial meters. This technology will allow the City to read water/sewer meters from the city office and detect meter tampering, leaks and potential meter problems through system reports. Installation will begin in the fall of 2006. The cost of the new system and meters will be split between water and sewer.

Preventative maintenance on one well or pump in water fund will increase expenses by \$15,000.

There were no significant variances between budget and actual results.

### Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, or would like to obtain financial statements of the City's component units, Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA) or Downtown Development Authority (DDA), we welcome you to contact the City's Administrative office located at 221 Jonesville Street, Litchfield, Michigan 49252.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

	PRIMAR <u>Y GOVERNME</u> NT							
		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	ELIN OF I	IINATION NTERNAL LANCES	_	TOTAL
ASSETS								
Current Assets:	\$	617.032	\$	1,433,359	\$		\$	2,050,391
Cash	Ψ	017,002	_					
Investments Accounts receivable		515		4,654				5,169
Interest receivable		839		15,501				16,340 5,000
Note receivable, current portion		5,000						3,000
Land contract receivable, current portion		44.260						44,369
Due from other governmental units		44,369		34,215		(34,215)		
Internal balances				20,773				20,773
Inventory								0.140.043
Total Current Assets	<u>\$</u>	667,755	\$	1,508,502	<u>s</u>	(34,215)	<u>s</u>	2,142,042
Noncurrent Assets:	\$	2,500	\$		\$		\$	2,500
Note receivable, net of eurrent portion  Land contract receivable, net of current portion		2,500						
Investment in joint venture		30,590						30,590
Investment in land								
Infrastructure development				6,003,627				7,846,319
Capital assets		1,842,692 (545,807)		(3,782,204)				(4,328,011)
Accumulated depreciation	_	(343,607)		(3,702,201)				
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>_\$</u>	1,329,975	<u>\$</u>	2,221,423	\$		<u>\$_</u> _	3,551,398
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,997,730	\$	3,729,925	\$	(34,215)	\$	5,693,440
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS								
Current Liabilities:				- 001	6		\$	17,610
Accounts payable	\$	15,519	\$	2,091	\$		Ф	120,000
Long-term debt, current portion		18,561		120,000 3,303				21,864
Accrued liabilities		16,301		4,575				4,575
Accrued interest				.,				
Due to other governmental units Internal balances		34,215				(34,215)		
Internat parances					•	(24.215)	e	164,049
Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	68,295	<u>\$</u>	129,969	\$	(34,215)	<u>s</u> _	104,049
Noncurrent Liabilities:		42.210	\$		\$		\$	43,210
Compensated absences, net of current portion	\$	43,210	3	795,000	J			795.000
Long-term debt, net of current portion	_				-			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	43,210	<u>\$</u>	795,000	\$		\$	838,210
Total Liabilities	\$	111,505	\$	924,969	\$	(34,215)	<u>\$</u>	1,002,259
Net Assets:							\$	2,603,308
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	1,296,885	\$	1,306,423	\$		Ð	73,428
Restricted for bond repayment		1 217		73,428				1,217
Restricted for police training		1,217 6,300						6,300
Restricted for personal property tax audit		581,823		1,425,105			_	2,006,928
Unrestricted	_		_				\$	4,691,181
Total Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	1,886,225	\$	2,804,956	<u>\$</u>			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	1,997,730	<u>\$</u>	3,729,925	<u>\$</u>	(34,215)	<u>\$</u>	5,693,440

	COMP	ONENT UNITS	
	TAX INCREMENT	DOWNTO	NWC
	FINANCING	DEVELOP	MENT
	AUTHORITY	AUTHOR	ITY_
\$	1,207,755	<b>s</b> 7	,995
•	607,651		
	277		
	17,678		
	54,798	,	,000
	64,756	,	1,000
	,		
	<del>.</del>		005
\$	1,952,915	\$	8,995_
\$	522,183	\$	
T)	ر 1 و معدر	-	5,253
	189,793		
	809,339		
	350,000		
	(50,400)	-	
\$	1,820,915	\$	5,253
\$	3,773,830	<u>\$1</u>	4,248
\$	48,756	\$	
J	,		1,000
	150,000		
-	198,756	\$	1,000
5	170,170	<u>*</u>	
5	<b>S</b>	\$	. acc
_			5.388
_5		<u>\$</u>	5,388
5	198,756	<u>\$</u>	6,388
		_	
	299,600	\$	
_	3,275,474		7,860
	\$ 3,575,074	\$	7,860
	\$ 3,773,830	<u>\$</u>	14,248
=			

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

				PRO	OGRAM R	EVENUES		
	<u>EXPENS</u>	ES		GES FOR	GRA	RATING NTS AND RIBUTIONS	GRAN	PITAL ITS AND BUTIONS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Public works	(28 (6	3,468) 1,608) 6,210) 6,424)	\$	34,178 2,520 351	\$	28,300 26,056 121,972	s	6,792 2,300
Panks and recreation  Depreciation (unallocated) - excludes direct depreciation expense  Total Governmental Activities	(4	1,854) 3,807)	<u> </u>	18,716 55,765	\$	1,934	\$	9,092
Business-type Activities: Sewer Fund Water Fund Refuse Fund	(14	7,595) 7,727) 5,930)	\$	104,383 163,116 50,882	\$ 	150,000 11,582	\$	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ <u>(39</u>	1,252)	\$	318,381	\$	161,582	\$	0.002
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ (1,24</u>	5,059)	<u>\$</u>	374,146	\$	339,844		9,092
COMPONENT UNITS  Tax Increment Finance Authority  Downtown Development Authority	- ,	3,990) (2,751)	\$ 		<u> </u>	1,000_	\$	
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ (7	6,741)	\$		<u>\$</u>	1,000	<u>s</u>	

GENERAL REVENUES

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Interest

Lease revenue

Other

Transfers

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR

PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	NSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE	COMPONE	nt units
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY	DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
\$ (244,198) (253,032) 55,762 (66,073) (61,293)	\$	\$ (244,198) (253,032) 55,762 (66,073) (61,293)	s	\$
(41,854) \$ (610,688)	\$	\$ (610,688)	\$	\$
s	\$ 56,788 26,971 4,952	\$ 56,788 26,971 4,952	s 	\$
\$	\$ 88,711	\$ 88,711	\$	_\$
\$ (610,688)	\$ 88,711	\$ (521,977)	<u> </u>	\$
\$	\$	\$	\$ (713,990)	\$ (1,751)
\$	s	\$	\$ (713,990)	\$ (1,751)
\$ 366,798 137,289 27,807 5,385	\$ 59,935	\$ 366,798 137,289 87,742 5,385	\$ 564,056 105,324 33,000	\$ 1,633 15 370
55,300	(49,300)	\$ 6,000 \$ 603,214	\$ 702,380	\$ 2,018
\$ 592,579	\$ 10,635 \$ 99,346	\$ <u>603,214</u> \$ <u>81,237</u>	\$ (11,610)	\$ <u>267</u>
\$ (18,109)	\$ 99,346 2,705,610	4,595,732	\$ 3,586,684	\$ 7,593
14,212	_, ,	14,212		
1 1,5212	<u> </u>	\$ 4,609,944	\$ 3,586,684	\$7,593

\$ 4,691,181

\$ 1,886,225

\$ 2,804,956

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### JUNE 30, 2006

		MAJOR FUNDS							
	GENERAL	MAJOR STREET	LOCAL STREET	RECREATION	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
ASSETS  Cash  Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governmental units Due from other funds Prepaid expense	\$ 233,916 325 26,128	\$ 260,119 666 13,762	\$ 42,427 4,479 2,129	\$ 3,304	\$ 539,766 325 666 44,369 2,129				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 260,369	<u>\$ 274,547</u>	\$ 49,035	\$ 3,304	\$ 587.255				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds  Total Liabilities	\$ 4,550 13,753 \$ 18,303	\$ 288 337 2,129 \$ 2,754	\$ 7,789 149 \$ 7,938	\$ 2,704 3,672 \$ 6,376	\$ 15,331 17,911 2,129 \$ 35,371				
Fund Balances:  Reserved for:  Police training - state funding  Donor restricted  Board designated  Unreserved, undesignated	\$ 1,217 6,300 46,011 188,538	\$ 271,793	\$ 41,097	\$ (3,072)	\$ 1,217 6,300 46,011 498,356				
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 242,066	<u>\$ 271,793</u>	\$ 41,097	\$ (3,072)	\$ 55 <u>1,884</u>				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 260,369	\$ 274,547	\$ 49,035	\$ 3,304	\$ 587,255				

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		\$ 551,884
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and are not reported in the funds		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 1,600,433 (410,144)	1,190,289
Receivables are expected to be collected in future years and are not available to pay for current year expenditures		7,690
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		
Compensated absences		(43,210)
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities to the extent of activity occurring between governmental funds and the Internal Service Fund		
Assets: Cash Interest receivable The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 77,266 173 242,259 (135,663)	184,035
Liabilities: Payables Internal balance	(838) (34,215)	(35,053)
Investments in joint ventures are included as part of governmental activities		30,590
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		 1,886,225

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	MAJOR FUNDS									
	<u>GENERAL</u>		MAJOR STREET		LOCAL STREET		RECREATION		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
REVENUES Taxes State shared revenues State gasoline tax revenue	\$	366,798 138,345	\$	5,367 81,868	\$	27,129	\$		\$	366,798 143,712 108,997
State gasoffic tax revenue  State grant  Charges for services  Licenses and permits		6,792 25,232 9,503		5,168				18,716		11,960 43,948 9,503 1,781
Fines, fees, and forfeits Community contributions Component unit contributions		1,781 53,300		2,440				4,234		6,674 53,300
Interest Lease revenue Other		17,990 5,385 5,884		8,596		1,175		<b>4</b> 6		27,807 5,385 5,884
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	631,010	\$	103,439	<u> </u>	28,304		2 <u>2,</u> 996		785,749
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety Highways and streets	\$	308,827 267,548	\$	34,657	\$	32,426	\$		\$	308,827 267,548 67,083
Public works Parks and recreation Debt service:		66,060 20,421						64,578		66,060 84,999 16,611
Principal Interest Capital outlay		16,611 970 14,312						4,289		970 18,601
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		694,749		34,657	_\$	32,426	\$	68,867		830,699
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u>(63,739)</u>		68,782		(4,122)	_\$	(45,871)		(44,950)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$	66,500 (42,983 <u>)</u>	<u> </u>	(16,251)	\$	8,251 (2,000)	<b>S</b>	42,983 (1,200)	<u> </u>	117,734 (62,434)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		23,517	_\$_	(16,251)	\$	6,251	_\$_	41,783		55,300
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(40,222)	\$	52,531	\$	2,129	\$	(4,088)	\$	10,350
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		282,288		219,262		38,968		1,016		541,534
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR		242,066		271,793	\$	41,097	<u>\$</u>	(3,072)		551,884

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 10,350
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, and in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (41,854) 	(26,127)
Net loss from joint venture is not recorded in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the statement of activities		(9,900)
Repayment of capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		16,611
Decreases in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities		(6,051)
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities to the extent of activity occurring between governmental funds and the Internal Service Fund		2,359
Included in governmental activities is an expenditure for the forgiveness of the current amount due from a local industrial corporation on a long-term note receivable. Where as, governmental funds recognize revenue and expenditures when cash is either collected or disbursed		(5,000)
Cash collections on delinquent sidewalk receivables are included in the governmental funds, but are not included in revenues in the governmental activities		(351)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		 (18,109)

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### JUNE 30, 2006

	ENTERPRIS	ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	Major	FUND		
	SEWER	WATER		
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	4 004 505	e 405.717		
Cash	\$ 1,024,597	\$ 405,717 935		
Accounts receivables	940	2,243		
Interest receivable	13,258	20,773		
Inventory		20,773		
Total Current Assets	\$ 1,038,795	\$ 429,668		
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets	\$ 4,216,987	\$ 1,786,640		
Accumulated depreciation	(2,844,876)	(937,328)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 1,372,111	\$ 849,312		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,410,906	\$ 1,278,980		
TOTAL ASSETS				
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities:				
Long-term debt, current portion	\$ 120,000	\$		
Accounts payable	831	1,046		
Accrued liabilities	992	2,311		
Accrued Interest	4,575			
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 126,398	\$3,357		
N				
Noncurrent Liabilities:  Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 795,000	\$		
Long-term debt, het of cuttent portion				
Total Liabilities	\$ 921,398	\$ 3,357		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 457,111	\$ 849,312		
Restricted for bond repayment	73,428			
Unrestricted	958,969	426,311		
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,489,508	\$ 1,275,623		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,410,906	\$ 1,278,980		

ENTERPRIS NON- MAJOR FUND	SE FUNDS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
REFUSE	TOTAL	EQUIPMENT
\$ 3,045 2,779	\$ 1,433,359 4,654 15,501 20,773	\$ 77,266 173
5,824	\$ 1,474,287	\$ 77,439
\$ 	\$ 6,003,627 (3,782,204)	\$ 242,259 (135,663)
§	\$ 2,221,423	\$ 106,596
\$ 5,824	\$ 3,695,710	\$ 184,035
\$ 214	\$ 120,000 2,091 3,303 4,575	\$ 188 650
\$ 214	\$ 129, <u>969</u>	\$ 838
<u> </u>	\$ 795,000	\$
\$ 214	\$ 924,969	\$ 838
\$ 	\$ 1,306,423 73,428 1,390,890	\$ 183,197
\$ _5,610	\$ 2,770,741	\$ 183,197
\$ 5,824	\$ 3,695,710	\$ 184,035

# RECONCILIATION OF ENTERPRISE FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

ENTERPRISE FUND NET ASSETS	\$	2,770,741
Amounts reported for business activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Internal Service Funds are also included as business activities to the extent of activity occurring between Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Fund	_	34,215
NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$_	2,804,956

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	MAJOR	FUNDS	
	SEWER	WATER	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 104,383	\$ 163,116	
OPERATING EXPENSES  General operations and maintenance  Depreciation	\$ 80,203 97,964	\$ 95,803 52,597	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 178,167	\$ 148,400	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (73,784)	\$ 14,716	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Interest expense Contributions	\$ 46,306 (20,025) 150,000	\$ 13,620 11,582	
Wellhead protection grant  TOTAL NET NON-OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 176,281	\$ 25,202	
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	\$ 102,497	\$ 39,918	
OPERATING TRANSFERS Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$ (28,000)	\$ 200 (17,000)	
TOTAL NET OPERATING TRANSFERS	\$ (28,000)	\$ (16,800)	
NET INCOME	\$ 74,497	\$ 23,118	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,415,011	1,252,505	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,489,508	\$ 1,275,623	

	ENTERPI	RISE FUN	DS		_		TERNAL VICE FUND
	NON- IOR FUND						
R	EFUSE			TOTAL	-	EQ	UIPMENT
<u> </u>	50,882		\$	318,381		\$	39,040
\$	45,930		\$	221,936 150,561	_	\$	34,899 13,355
_\$	45,930		\$	372,497		\$	48,254
\$	4,952		\$	(54,116)		\$	(9,214)
\$	9		\$	59,935 (20,025) 150,000 11,582		\$	1,843
\$	9		\$	201,492		\$	18,843
\$	4,961		\$	147,376		\$	9,629
\$	(4,500)		\$	200 (49 <u>,</u> 500)			(6,000)
\$	(4,500)		\$	(49,300)		\$	(6,000)
\$	461		\$	98,076		\$	3,629
	5,149			2,672,665			179,568
\$	5,610		\$	2,770,741		\$	183,197

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	\$ 98,076
Amounts reported for business activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Internal Service Funds are also included as business activities to the extent of activity occurring between Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Fund	 1,270
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	\$ 99,346

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	MAJOR FUND		
	sewer	<u> WATER</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 105,878	<b>\$</b> 164,824	
Cash receipts from customers	<u> </u>	. ,	
Cash receipts for interfund services provided	(27,773)	(35,510)	
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	(44,969)	(52,252)	
Payments to supplies Payments to interfund services provided	(6,558)	(7,403)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 26,578	\$ 69,659	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Wellhead Protection Grant proceeds	\$	\$ 11,582	
Contribution from component unit	150,000	200	
Transfer from other funds	(20,000)	(17,000)	
Transfer to other funds	(28,000)	(17,000)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 122,000	\$ (5,218)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Interest paid on eapital debt	\$ (20,600)	\$	
Principal paid on eapital debt	(115,000)		
Purchase of capital assets	_		
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (135,600)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest	\$ 33,048	\$ 11 <u>.377</u>	
	\$ 46,026	\$ 75,818	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	3 40,020	B 75,015	
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	978,571	329,899	
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$1,024,597	\$ 405,717	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH			
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (73,784)	\$ 14,716	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 97,964	<b>\$</b> 52,597	
Depreciation expense	\$ 97,964	g 32,371	
Restatement of beginning net assets			
(Increase) decrease in:	1,495	1,708	
Accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in:			
Accrued liabilities	72	(408)	
Accounts payable	831	1,046	
Total Adjustments	\$ 100,362	\$ 54,943	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 26,578	\$ 69,659	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-	

	ENTERPRIS	E FUNDS	INTERNAL SERV <u>I</u> CE FUND
	nmajor Fund		
R	EFUSE	TOTAL	EQUIPMENT
\$	52,165	\$ 322,867	\$ 39,040
	(2,117) (43,599)	(65,400) (140,820) (13.961)	(13,482) (20,579)
\$	6,449	\$ 102,686	\$ 4,979
\$		\$ 11,582 150,000 200	\$ 17,000
	(4,500)	(49.500)	(6,000)
\$	(4,500)	<u>\$ 112.282</u>	\$ 11,000
\$		\$ (20,600) (115,000)	\$ (16,526)_
\$		\$ (135,600)	\$ (16,526)
\$	9	\$ 44,434	<u>\$</u> 1,670
\$	1,958	\$ 123,802	\$ 1,123
	1,087	1,309,557	76,143
\$	3,045	\$ 1,433,359	<u>\$ 77,266</u>
\$	4,952	\$ (54,116)	\$ (9,214)
\$		<b>\$</b> 150,561	<b>\$</b> 13,355
	1,283	4,486	
	214	(336) 2,091	650 188
\$	1,497	\$ 156,802	\$ 14,193
\$	6,449	<u>\$</u> 102,686	\$ 4,979

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2006

	AGENCY FUND
	TAX COLLECTION FUND
ASSETS Cash	\$ 64,911
LIABILITIES  Due to other governmental units	\$ 64,911

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2006

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Litchfield, Michigan conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

On June 1, 1970, the City of Litchfield, Michigan (the "City") adopted the Home Rule Charter. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: Public Safety (Police and Fire), Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Health, Recreation, Public, Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the component units have been included in the financial reporting entity as discretely presented component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the City's component units. The units are reported in a separate column to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA) - The Authority is governed by a separate board appointed by the City Council to promote economic growth in the City of Litchfield.

<u>Downtown Development Authority</u> - The Authority is governed by a separate board appointed by the City Council to formulate plans for design, promotion and organization, and economic restructuring of the City's downtown area.

Brownsfield Redevelopment Authority (BRA) - The Authority was established under the authority contained in Act 381, of the Michigan Public Acts of 1996, as amended. The Authority is governed by a separate board appointed by the City Council to facilitate the implementation of plans relating to the identification and treatment of environmentally distressed areas so as to promote revitalization in the City of Litchfield.

The basic financial statements do not include financial data of the Brownsfield Redevelopment Authority since it did not have any financial transactions during the year ended June 30, 2006.

Copies of the TIFA and DDA financial statements may be obtained at the City offices located at 221 Jonesville Street, Litchfield, Michigan 49252.

Joint Venture - Discussed at Note 2.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The City is economically dependent on the State of Michigan for state shared revenues. Absent allocations from the State, the City's operating results would report expenditures exceeding revenues in its General, Major Street, and Local Street Funds. Furthermore, the aforementioned funds would be in a deficit position within a two year period continuing the services the City currently offers.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities rely on user fees and charges.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements; remaining funds are reported in the aggregate as non-major funds.

# MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted net assets are used prior to unrestricted net assets.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Major revenue types for which receivables are recorded on the current accounting period's balance sheet include property taxes and State-shared revenues. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major and Local Street Funds are Special Revenue Funds that account for revenue received from gasoline tax through the State of Michigan under Act 51. Expenditures of these funds include the maintenance of major and local streets, and roadway improvements.

The Recreation Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for resources that are expended on recreation activities carried out by the City. Revenue is primarily comprised of public and private donations, grants, and service charges.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the eost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses. The City maintains the two proprietary fund types, enterprise and internal service funds.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water and Sewer Funds account for the activities of the water distribution and sewage collection systems.

Additionally, the City reports one non-major Enterprise Fund, the Refuse Fund, which accounts for solid waste disposal billings and operating expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE I: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONCLUDED)

The Internal Service Fund accounts for shared machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. This fund accounted for 35% and 65% of its activity with business-type and governmental activities, respectively. As a result, the assets and equity were reported in governmental activities and the net profit was allocated on a pro rata basis, based on the aforementioned percentages, to each of the activities. Business-type and governmental activities reported net profit of \$1,270 and \$2,359, respectively, for a total net profit of \$3,629. Therefore, the Internal Service Fund's net assets in the total amount of \$183,197 is reported in the business-type and governmental activities in the amounts of \$34,215 and \$148,982, respectively.

### Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City operations. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The City presently collects and distributes property taxes on behalf of and to other local units of government.

#### General Information

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### BANK DEPOSITS

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, savings, certificate of deposits and municipal mutual funds that are highly liquid.

### RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are reported at their net realizable values.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets that include land, buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend assets life are not capitalized but rather expensed in the period incurred.

The City has elected under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 not to report infrastructure retrospectively. Newly acquired or constructed infrastructure will be capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. There were no additions to infrastructure during the year.

Buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Improvements	10 - 20
Equipment	3 - 20
Vehicles	3 - 5

### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation leave time. A total of 5 to 25 days vacation and 6 days of sick leave per year may be accumulated by each employee. Employees are allowed to accumulate and carryover ten vacation days to the following year with management approval. Otherwise vacation time not used is forfeited.

Furthermore, employees are allowed to accumulate no more than sixty days of sick leave time. Upon termination of employment, if an employee has five consecutive years or more of employment service the employee will be paid one-fourth of their accumulated unused sick leave time. Employees with ten consecutive years or more of employment service will be paid one-half of their accumulated unused sick leave time upon termination. Upon retirement, an employee will receive pay at their regular hourly rate for a maximum thirty days of accumulated unused sick leave time.

During the year the net increase in compensated absences was \$6,050 leaving an ending balance of \$43,210.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types reported in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. If applicable, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **FUND EQUITY**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### PROPERTY TAX

The City of Litchfield, Michigan bills and collects property taxes and distributes them to other local units of government. Properties are assessed as of December 31, and the related real property taxes are levied and become payable on July 1 of the following year for summer taxes and December 1 for winter taxes. Summer and winter taxes are due without penalty if paid by September 14 and February 14, respectively. Delinquent taxes are turned over to the County and added to the County tax roll. The County remits all of the City's uncollected delinquent real property tax to the City by June 30. Uncollected personal property taxes are not accrued because the date of collection is uncertain.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

Encumbrances for goods and services are documented by requisitions or contracts. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and any encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

### BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City's procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that change the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, which is the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget approved or as amended by the City Council. The General Fund budget is adopted at the department level and all other funds are adopted at the fund level.

#### NOTE 2: JOINT VENTURE

The City participates with the Litchfield Township in the Litchfield Fire Department (the "Department"), a joint venture pursuant to an agreement entered into between the two parties. In accordance to the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 14 the joint venture results from the on going financial responsibility of the Department's operations agreed to by the aforementioned municipalities pursuant to the contractual agreement. A seven member Board of Directors comprised of two members of the City of Litchfield Council, two members of Litchfield Township Board, one member of Scipio Township and Butler Township Boards, and one member from the community at large govern the Department.

Either the City or Litchfield Township has the power to terminate the joint venture. However, notice of termination must be given six months prior to the Department's fiscal year end. Upon termination, all property of the Litchfield Fire Department will be liquidated and any outstanding indebtedness will be paid. The proceeds then remaining will be divided equally between the City of Litchfield, Michigan and the Litchfield Township.

The Department is funded by fire contracts with local townships and equal contributions made by the City of Litchfield, Michigan and the Litchfield Township. The Fire Department reported expenditures in excess of revenues in the amount of \$18,800 in its year end June 30, 2006 general ledger. The City of Litchfield, Michigan reported \$9,900 (fifty-percent) of the expenditures over revenues in its government-wide financial statements in governmental activities. The City's investment in the joint venture is reported in the statement of net assets under governmental activities in the amount of \$30,590.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2: JOINT VENTURE (CONCLUDED)

At year end June 30, 2006 the Department does not have title to any real property or rescue vehicles. The City of Litchfield, Michigan and the Litchfield Township have title, either jointly or individually, to all fire rescue vehicles used in the Department's operations. Additionally, the City and the Township are mutually obligated in a capital lease agreement to finance a rescue vehicle; see Note 7.

Copies of the Fire Department's financial statements may be obtained at the City of Litchfield, Michigan offices.

## NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

At year end, deposits and investments were comprised of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Agency <u>Fund</u>	Total Primary Government	Component <u>Units</u>
Cash Cash - restricted	\$ 609,515 7,517	\$ 1,359,931 73,428	\$ 64,911	\$ 2,034,357 80,945	\$ 1,215,750 ————
	<u>\$ 617,032</u>	<u>\$ 1,433,359</u>	<u>\$ 64,911</u>	<u>\$ 2,115,302</u>	<u>\$ 1,215,750</u>
Investments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$ 607,651</u>
Total	<u>\$ 617,032</u>	<u>\$ 1,433,359</u>	<u>\$ 64,911</u>	<u>\$ 2,115,302</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,401</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

## NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

The breakdown between cash and investments for the City and component units are as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Units
Cash (checking accounts, savings accounts and Certificates of Deposits)	\$ 2,115,202	\$ 1,215,750
Investment in money market fund		607,651
Petty cash	100	
Total	\$ 2,115,302	\$ 1,823,401

#### **Deposits**

The City and its component unit's deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared or of deposits in transit) at \$3,919,697. Of that amount, \$665,852 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits City funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### Investments

Investments are normally categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City. As of June 30, 2006, the City's component unit, the Tax Increment Financing Authority, held investments in a money market fund, totaling \$607,651, which was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's rating service. Additionally, there is no custodial risk because the fund is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The investment policy adopted by the City Council is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government was as follows:

	_	alance - y 1, 2005	A	dditions	D.	isposals		Balance e 30, <u>200</u> 6
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	866,073	\$		\$		:	866,073
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		316,082						316,082
Equipment		520,328		26,253				546,581
Vehicles		63,080		6,000		20,040		49,040
Technology		24,954						24,954
Pool		39,962					-	39,962
Subtotal		1,830,479		32,253	\$	20,040		1,842,692
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	188,864	\$	5,298	\$		\$	194,162
Equipment		255,237		31,989				287,226
Vehicles		55,413		9,667		20,040		45,040
Technology		11,124		5,258				16,382
Pool	-			2,997				2,997
Subtotal		510,638	_\$	55,209		20,040	\$	545,807
Net Capital Assets		1,319,841		(22,956)				1,296.885

Governmental activities depreciation expense of \$55,209 is comprised of unallocated and allocated depreciation expense of \$41,854 and \$13,355, respectively. Allocated depreciation expense is calculated on capital assets maintained in the Internal Service Fund. See significant accounting policies regarding Internal Service Funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

## NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

	Jt	Balance ily 1, 2005	A	Additions	Disposals	Balance ne 30, 2006
Business-type Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	265,571	\$		\$	\$ 265,571
Capital assets being depreciated: Water and sewer distribution system		5,715,156				5,715,156
Vehicles		22,900			<del></del> _	 22,900
Subtotal	\$	6,003,627				 6,003,627
Accumulated depreciation: Water and sewer distribution system Vehicles	\$	3,624,391 7,252	\$	145,981 4,580	\$	\$ 3,770,372 11,832
Subtotal	\$	3,631,643		150,561	<u> </u>	\$ 3,782,204
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,371,984	\$	(15 <u>0,</u> 561)	\$	 2,221,423

Depreciation expense charged to business-type activities was \$150,561.

#### NOTE 5: NOTE RECEIVABLE

In January 1997 the City entered into an agreement to sell land to a local industrial company in the amount of \$50,000. The terms of the agreement require the local company to pay \$5,000 annually, including interest at 10%. However, if the local company achieves employment levels annually as stated in the agreement the City will forgive the annual principal payments, including interest, each year employment levels are met.

During the year the City forgave principal payments of \$5,000. At June 30, 2006 the outstanding balance due from the local company was \$7,500. Following are future principal maturities:

June 30	_A	mount_
2007 2008	\$	5,000 2,500
	\$	7,500

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

## NOTE 6: OPERATING LEASE

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 the City entered into a lease agreement to lease City owned farmland to a local individual. The terms of the lease require the individual to pay the City \$5,385 annually, through April 1, 2009.

Future minimum lease payments to be received from the individual are as follows:

June 30		_A	mount
2007 2008		\$	5,385 5,385 5,385
2009			<u> </u>
	Total	<u>\$</u>	<u> 16,155</u>

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at June 30, 2006 is comprised of the following:

Revenue Bonds, \$2,190,000 Michigan State Revolving Loan due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$135,000 at an annual interest rate of 2% through April 1, 2014

\$ 915,000

Less: current portion of long-term debt

\$ 120,0<u>00</u>

TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT

\$ <u>795,000</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities Capital lease - Emergency One	\$ 16,611	\$	<b>\$</b> 16,611	\$
Business-type Activities Revenue bonds	\$ 1,030,000	\$	\$ 115,000	\$ 915,000

Cash paid for interest during the year totaled \$20,600. Interest expense incurred during the year totaled \$20,995 and is reported as a direct function expense.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

## NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT (CONCLUDED)

The following is a schedule of principal and interest maturities:

			Business-	type Activiti	es		
	F	Principal	Interest			Total	
2007 2008	\$	120,000 120,000	\$	18,300 15,900	\$	138,300 135,900	
2009		125,000		13,500 11,000		138,500 136,000	
2010 2011		125,000 130,000		8,500		138,500	
2012-2014		295,000	_ <del>_</del>	9,800	_	304,800	
	\$	915,000	\$	77,000	\$_	992,000	

#### NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLAN

During the year, City Council approved establishing a retirement account with Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS) an agent multiple employer plan administered by the Retirement Board of MERS. Furthermore, City Council approved the dissolution of its deferred compensation plan that was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The assets maintained in the deferred compensation plan comprised account balances of retirees and current employees. As a result assets were distributed to retirees for their respective account balances and the remaining assets representing current employees were transferred to a MERS account. As of June 30, 2006 the City had not received an actuarial valuation based on the assets transferred into the plan.

The MERS Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiarics. The MERS Retirement Board establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917, or by calling (800) 767-6377.

Actuarial information pertaining to the City's Plan will be reported in future periods as valuations are provided.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 9: EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET AND FUND DEFICIT

P.A. 621 of 1978 Section 18, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved Recreation Fund budget of the City was adopted at the fund level. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City incurred expenditures in the fund, which were in excess of the amended budget as follows:

	Fmal Budget	Actual	Unfavorable _Variance
General Fund	<u>\$ 685,318</u>	<u>\$ 694,749</u>	<u>\$ 9,431</u>
Recreation Fund	<u>\$ 62,869</u>	<u>\$ 68,867</u>	<u>\$ 5,998</u>

Additionally, P.A. 275 of 1980, provides that a local unit shall not carry a deficit fund balance in any of its funds. At year ended June 30, 2006 the City's Recreation Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$3,072. Management plans to eliminate the deficit by appropriating funds from the General Fund to the Recreation Fund in an amount equal to the deficit.

## NOTE 10: FUND EQUITIES

Reserved, designated and undesignated fund balances and net assets at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

	Restricted/ Reserved	Designated
Governmental Activities:		
Fund Balance/Net Assets General Fund	\$	\$ 24,000
Police cars Police training – Act 302	1,217 6,300	21,000
Personal property tax audit Fire truck Parks		21,100 911
T di Ku	<u>\$ 7,517</u>	<u>\$ 46,011</u>
Business-type Activities: Net Assets		
Sewer Fund Bond repayment	<u>\$ 73,428</u>	<u>\$</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 11: OPERATING TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the current year are as follows:

General Fund Activity Transfers in to: General Fund	Transfers (out) of: Recreation Fund Major Street Fund Local Street Fund Refuse Fund Sewer Fund Water Fund Equipment Fund	\$ 1,000 8,000 2,000 4,500 28,000 17,000 6,000
Total		<u>\$ 66,500</u>
Recreation Fund	General Fund	<u>\$ 42,983</u>
Recreation Fund Activity Transfers in to: Water Fund	Transfers (out) of: Recreation Fund	<u>\$. 200</u>
Local Street Fund Activity Transfers in to: Local Street Fund	Transfers (out) of: Major Street Fund	<u>\$ 8,251</u>

Transfers from the General Fund to other funds are to support the operations of those funds. Transfers from other funds to the General Fund are reimbursements for administration support.

Transfer from the Recreation Fund to the Water Fund is reimbursement for water usage in the City's swimming pool.

Transfer from Major Street Fund to Local Street Fund for local street maintenance.

## NOTE 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following are interfund receivables (due from) and interfund payables (due to) reported in fund activities:

Due From -Due To -Collectible By:Payable By:

Local Street Fund Major Street Fund <u>\$ 2,129</u>

For local street maintenance

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2006

## NOTE 13: COMPONENT UNIT CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year the City of Litchfield's Tax Increment Financing Authority (TIFA) contributed \$220,300 to the City's operations to support the following activities:

General Fund Reimburse City for administration cost Fire support to the industrial park	\$ 28,300 25.000
	<u>\$ 53,300</u>
Internal Service Equipment Fund Capital support for equipment replacement	<u>\$ 17,000</u>
Sewer Fund Support towards bond obligation	<u>\$ 150,000</u>

#### NOTE 14: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Litchfield, Michigan is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, and omissions, employee injuries, unemployment benefits, as well as medical and workmen's compensation benefits provided to employees. The City of Litchfield, Michigan has purchased commercial insurance for general liability on buildings and property, equipment damage and theft, employee theft, and limited tort claims for specific City of Litchfield, Michigan facilities or events.

The City participates in the Michigan Municipal League Workers Compensation Fund, a public risk pool established to operate a common risk management and insurance program for municipalities. The City pays premiums to the Fund for its workers' disability compensation insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and aecident insurance. Settled elaims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverage obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

#### NOTE 15: CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, City management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the City.

As is the ease with other entities, the City faces exposure from potential claims and legal proceedings involving environmental matters. No such claims or proceedings have been asserted as of June 30, 2006.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 16: SEBSEQUENT EVENT

In July 2006 the City acquired equipment totaling \$21,990. In August 2006, City Council approved the purchase of a new electronic utility meter reading system and new meters totaling \$131,650.

#### NOTE 17: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

At June 30, 2005 the City reported its interest in the Litchfield Fire Department Joint Venture, with Litchfield Township, from un-audited information provided by the Fire Department. Un-audited information was reported in the City's financial statements in order to comply with State of Michigan Department of Treasury's filing deadline for local units of government. As a result the auditor's opinion was qualified to that effect. In March 2006 the auditors of the Litchfield Fire Department issued their report on the Fire Departments audited financial statements. Those financial statements reported a change in net assets in the amount of \$46,688 of which fifty percent, or \$23,344, represented the City's interest. The audited change in net assets was \$14,212 higher than what the City reported in its June 30, 2005 financial statements. Therefore, at year ended June 30, 2006, the City reported a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$14,212 to its governmental activities net assets.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL AMENDED BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	FINAL BUDGET TO ACTUAL
REVENUE Taxes State shared revenues State grant Charges for services	\$ 366,075 139,198 57,275	\$ 369,076 138,614 24,915 8,687	\$ 366,798 138,345 6,792 25,232 9,503	\$ (2,278) (269) 6,792 317 816
Licenses and permits Fines, fees, and forfeits Component unit contributions Interest Lease revenue	8,687 3,000 47,000 16,000 5,385	1,716 47,000 15,000 5,385	1,781 53,300 17,990 5,385	65 6,300 2,990
Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 644,620	\$ 615,675	\$ 631,010	\$ 15,335
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety Public works Parks	\$ 290,043 269,171 102,456 25,138	\$ 303,436 266,360 69,338 21,064	\$ 308,827 267,548 66,060 20,421	\$ (5,391) (1,188) 3,278 643
Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay	16,611 970 1.539	16,611 970 7,539	16,611 970 14,312	(6,773)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 705,928	\$ 685,318	\$ 694 <u>,</u> 749	\$ (9,431)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (61,308)	\$ (69,643)	\$ (63,739)	\$ 5,904
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	\$ 58,000 (25,419)	\$ 66,500 (46,486)	\$ 66,500 (42,983)	\$ 3,503
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 32,581	\$ 20.014	\$ 23,517	\$ 3,503
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (28,727)	\$ (49,629)	\$ (40,222)	\$ 9,407
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	282,288	282,288	282,288	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 253,561	\$ 232,659	\$ 242,066	\$ 9,407

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -MAJOR STREET

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL AMENDED BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	FINAL BUDGET TO ACTUAL
REVENUE State shared revenue State gasoline tax revenue State grant Community contributions Interest	\$ 5,367 88,848 5,102 	\$ 5,367 86,518 5,102 2,210 5,500	\$ 5,367 81,868 5,168 2,440 8,596	\$ (4,650) 66 230 3,096
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 100,617	\$ 104,697	\$ 103,439	\$ (1,258)
EXPENDITURES Trunkline maintenance Road maintenance Operating supplies Employee benefits	\$ 10,741 27,146 4,145 10,663	\$ 9,652 24,914 6,145 9,508	\$ 3,572 18,430 4,646 8,009	\$ 6,080 6,484 1,499 1,499
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 52,695	\$ 50,219	\$ 34,657	\$ 15,562
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 47,922	\$ 54,478	\$ 68,782	\$ 14,304
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers (out)	\$ (6,000)	\$ (28,184)	\$ (16,251)	<u> 11,933</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 41,922	\$ 26,294	\$ 52,531	\$ 26,237
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	219,262	219,262	219,262	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 261,184	\$ 245,556	<u>\$ 271,793</u>	\$ 26,237

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -LOCAL STREET

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET TO ACTUAL
REVENUE State revenues Interest	\$ 28,046 387	\$ 27,323 387	\$ 27,129 1,175	\$ (194) 788
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 28,433	\$ 27,710	\$ 28,304	\$ 594
EXPENDITURES Road maintenance Operating supplies Employee benefits	\$ 30,512 2,340 7,953	\$ 33,821 4,340 7,733	\$ 20,271 4,420 7,735	\$ 13,550 (80) (2)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 40,805	\$ 4 <u>5,</u> 894	\$ 32,426	\$ 13,468
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>(12,372)</u>	\$ (18,184)	\$ (4,122)	\$ 14 <u>,062</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	\$ (2,000)	\$ 20,184 (2,000)	\$ 8,251 (2,000)	\$ (11,933)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (2,000)	\$ 18,184	\$ 6,251	\$ (11,933)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (14,372)	\$	\$ 2,129	\$ 2,129
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	38,968	38,968	38,968	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 24,596	\$ 38,968	<u>\$ 41,097</u>	\$ 2,129

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND RECREATION

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL TO ACTUAL
REVENUE Recreation Pool Basketball tournament Summer ball Circus Ice skating rink	\$ 13,800 1,880	\$ 509 13,200 1,880 3,240 500	\$ 509 15,155 990 2,597 3,245 500	\$ 1,955 990 717 5
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 15,680	\$19,329	\$ 22,996	\$ 3,667
EXPENDITURES Pool Sweet corn days Basketball tournament Summer ball Circus Iee skating rink	\$ 45,087 832 500 2,398	\$ 54,663 2,641 500 2,398 1,950 717	\$ 59,166 2,636 342 3,888 2,118 717	\$ (4,503) 5 158 (1,490) (168)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 48,817	\$ 62,869	\$ 68.867	\$ (5,998)
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (33,137)	\$ (43,540)	\$ (45,871)	\$ (2,331)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	\$ 25,419 (1,200)	\$ 42,740 (1,200)	\$ 42,983 (1,200)	\$ 243
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (USES)	\$ 24,219	\$ 41,540	\$ 41,783	\$ 243
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (8,918)	\$ (2,000)	\$ (4,088)	\$ (2,088)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,016	1,016	1,016	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (7,902)	\$ (984)	\$ (3.072)	\$ (2,088)

OTHER REPORTS



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#### GAO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Litchfield Litchfield, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Litchfield as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City of Litchfield's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 5, 2006. We did not audit the financial statements of the Litchfield Fire Department, a joint venture between the City of Litchfield, Michigan and Litchfield Township, Michigan, which the financial statements reflect the City's total share of assets and revenues constituting one percent of the related consolidated totals. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Litchfield Fire Department, a joint venture between the City of Litchfield and Litchfield Township, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Litchfield's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weakness. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Litchfield's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of City of Litchfield, Michigan, in a separate letter dated October 5, 2006.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management and the State of Michigan. However, this report is a matter of public records and its distribution is not limited.

Osbourne, March, Condon & Co P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Hillsdale, Michigan October 5, 2006



Osbourne, March, Condon & Co., P.C.

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October 5, 2006

City Council City of Litchfield Litchfield, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Litchfield for the year ended June 30, 2006, we considered the City of Litchfield's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of a matter that is an opportunity for strengthening internal control and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comment and suggestion regarding this matter. This letter does not affect our report dated October 5, 2006, on the financial statements of the City of Litchfield.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the City Manager, and we will be pleased to discuss it in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing the recommendation.

Osbourne, March, Condon & Co P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

# EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET AND FUND DEFICIT

P.A. 621 of 1978 Section 18, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved Recreation Fund budget of the City was adopted at the fund level. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City incurred expenditures in the fund, which were in excess of the amended budget as follows:

	Final Budget	Unfavorable <u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	<u>\$ 685,318</u>	<u>\$ 694,749</u>	<u>\$ 9,431</u>
Recreation Fund	<u>\$62,869</u>	<u>\$ 68,867</u>	\$ <u>5,998</u>

We encourage management propose budget amendments to City Council that take into consideration expenditures that may occur during the last week of June, to avoid actual expenditures exceeding the amended budget.

Additionally, P.A. 275 of 1980, provides that a local unit shall not carry a deficit fund balance in any of its funds. At year ended June 30, 2006 the City's Recreation Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$3,072. We recommend that management eliminate the deficit by appropriating funds from the General Fund to the Recreation Fund in an amount equal to the deficit.

#### INTERNAL CONTROLS

Effective in 2008 are stringent audit standards that the public accounting profession will be required to adhere to in conducting financial audits. These standards embrace many characteristics of Sarbanes-Oxley Legislation as it relates to documentation and testing of internal controls. Auditors of non-public companies and organizations, e.g., companies that do not publicly trade their securities, will be required to document and test controls, following similar standards as auditors of publicly trading companies. As you can imagine this will increase audit time and cost.

Historically, auditors have been required to give consideration to internal controls in all audits which require a certain level of documentation. However, the new standards require the documentation to occur at a much higher level. Organizations that rotate auditors on a defined cycle are exposed to paying for the documentation of their internal control system every time they change auditors. To limit these costs organizations should take it upon themselves to document their internal controls as prescribed by these standards.

We recommend the City of Litchfield begin this documentation process over the next twelve to eighteen months. The process should begin by identifying the various processes that need to be documented; e.g., cash receipting, cash disbursing, payroll disbursements, managing cash deposits, budgeting, capitalization of equipment, etc. Once the processes are identified each step in the process should be outlined, identifying the person performing the step, identify key internal controls in the process, whether the control is IT dependent, and determine whether the internal control is a preventive or detection control. These procedural outlines of the various processes will be used to create a final documentation of the systems in *internal control matrices*. These matrices will be retained by the City and utilized by independent auditors, management and City Council in their annual review of internal controls, and become part of the City's policies and procedures.